## SYLLABUS Fall semester 2023-2024 academic year Educational program "Public Health"

ID	Independent work		Number of credits			General	Independent work	
and name of course	of the student (SIW)	:	Lectures (L)	Practical classes (PC)	Lab. classes (LC)	number of credits	of the student under the guidance of a teacher (SIWT)	
6B10105	4		15	90	-		6.	
Medical Ecology		CADEMIA		ATION ABOU		NIDGE		
T a a sura far a		Lecture	_ INFORMA			-	latterne final control	
Learning Format	Cycle, component	types		Types of practical	classes	Form and p	latform final control	
Offline	component		res	orpractical	enusses	Task/exam		
Lecturer - (s)	Farida Iskakov			1				
e-mail :	iskakovaf@gn	nail.com				-		
Phone :	+77011013086	6				]		
Assistant - (s)								
e-mail :								
Phone :						-		
		ACA	DEMIC CO	URSE PRESE	ENTATION			
To form students' understanding of medical ecology and its importance for public health		ms in ecology concepts, term		concepts, and ecology. 1.2 Describe and their imp	s the concepts, basic d terms used in medical s environmental changes pact on human health, as ures to eliminate and th effects.			
assessment, and to use the acquired knowledge and skills in their professional activities in the public health system.	<ul> <li>2. Evaluate the impact of environmental factors on the human body to determine basic epidemiological indicators.</li> <li>3. Design an environmental study plan.</li> </ul>				<ul> <li>2.1 Classifies environmental exposures (types, duration, and effect) affecting public health.</li> <li>2.2 Describe observational data indicating negative environmental impacts.</li> <li>2.3 Evaluate the reliability of information related to environmental issues and their impact on human health.</li> </ul>			
					<ul> <li>3.1 Draws up a research plan based or the main legislative and regulatory documents related to the quality or atmospheric air, drinking water and soil and the knowledge gained.</li> <li>3.2 Measures the impact or environmental factors on public health using exposure measurement and assessment measures.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>4. Present the results of an ecological s informative epidemiological indicators assessment of the health status of the p</li> <li>5. Analyze a statistical study based on a</li> </ul>			rs for comparative and tables. population 4.2Formulates compresentation in these reports.		results in the form of graphs es conclusions for in theses, articles, and		
	new information					5.1. Uses methods of detection, measurement, and quantification of major pollutants to assess the population's environmental and epidemiological well-being.		

	5.2. Uses the results of environmental research and statistical information to identify trends and predict their impact on human health.
Prerequisites	
Postrequisites	
Learning Resources	<ul> <li>Literature: main and additional.</li> <li>Ecological Medicine, 2nd Edition: The Antidote to Big Pharma and Fast Food by Dr. Sarah Myhill and Craig Robinson2023512 p.</li> <li>Environmental Medicine. J.Fowles, Ph.Weinstein, Ch-H Tseng. DOI:10.1007/978-94-007-4375-5_24</li> <li>Ecological Medicine 2ND Edition: The antidote to Big Pharma and Fast Food . By Sarah Myhill and Craig Robinson, 2023526 p.</li> <li>Environmental and Health Impacts of Air Pollution: A Review Ioannis Manisalidis, Elisavet Stavropoulou, Agathangelos Stavropoulos and Eugenia Bezirtzoglou//Frontiers in Public Health, 20201-13 pp. chrome-extension://efaidnbmnnnibpcajpcglclefindmkaj/https://com-mendeley-prod-publicsharing-pdfstore.s3.eu-west-1.amazonaws.com/1e1a-CC-BY-2/10.3389/fpubh.2020.00014.pdf?X-Amz-Security-Token=IQoJb3JpZ2luX2VjEO%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%2F%</li></ul>

Academic	Academic values: Integration of science and education. The research work of students,					
course policy	undergraduates, and doctoral students is a deepening of the educational process. It is organized directly at					
	the university's laboratories, scientific and design departments, and student scientific and technical					
	associations. Independent work of students at all levels of education is aimed at developing research skills					
	and competencies based on obtaining new knowledge using modern research and information technologies.					
	A research university teacher integrates the results of scientific activities into the topics of lectures and					
	seminars (practical) classes, laboratory classes, and the tasks of the SSWT and SSW, which are reflected in					
	the syllabus and are responsible for the relevance of the topics of training sessions and assignments.					
	Attendance. The deadline for each task is indicated in the calendar (schedule) for the implementation of the					
	content of the course—failure to meet deadlines results in loss of points.					
	Academic honesty. Practical/laboratory classes, SSW, develop the student's independence, critical					
	thinking, and creativity. Plagiarism, forgery, cheat sheets, and cheating at all stages of completing tasks are					
	unacceptable.					
	Compliance with academic honesty during the period of theoretical training and at exams, in addition to the					
	main policies, is regulated by <u>"Regulations on checking students' text documents for borrowings"</u> . Documents are available on the main page of IS Univer.					
	<b>Basic principles of inclusive education.</b> The university's educational environment is conceived as a safe					
	place where there is always support and equal attitude from the teacher to all students and students to each					
	other, regardless of gender, race/ethnicity, religious beliefs, socio-economic status, physical health of the					
	student, etc. All people need the support and friendship of peers and fellow students. For all students,					
	progress is more about what they can do than what they can't. Diversity enhances all aspects of life.					
	All students, especially those with disabilities, can receive counseling assistance by phone/e- mail					
	<i>iskakovaf@gmail.com</i> or whats up via video link in MS Teams <i>enter a permanent link to the meeting.</i>					
	<b>Integration MOOC (massive open online course).</b> In the case of integrating MOOC into the course, all					
	students need to register for MOOC. The deadlines for passing MOOC modules must be strictly observed					
	by the course study schedule.					

ATTENTION! The deadline for each task is indicated in the calendar (schedule) for the implementation of
the content of the course, as well as in the MOOC. Failure to meet deadlines results in loss of points.

		INFORMA	TION ABOUT TEACH	IING, LEARNING AND ASSESSMENT			
	Score-rating letter system of assessment of accounting for educational achievements		Assessment Methods				
Grade	Digital equivalent points	points, % content	Assessment according to the traditional system	Criteria-based assessment is the process of co with expected learning outcomes based on o formative and summative assessment.			
А	4.0	95-100	Great	<b>Formative assessment is</b> a type of assessment daily learning activities. It is the current m			
A-	3.67	90-94	_	operational relationship between the student determine the capabilities of the student, iden			
B+	3.33	85-89	Fine	best results, and timely correct the educational process for the teacher. The performance of tasks, and the activity of work in the classroom during lectures, seminars, and practical exercises (discussions, quizzes, debates, round tables, laboratory work, etc.) are evaluated. Acquired knowledge and competencies are assessed.			
				<b>Summative assessment</b> - a type of assessment, which is carried out upon completion of the study of the section by the program of the course. Conducted 3-4 times per semester when performing SIW. This is the assessment of mastering the expected learning outcomes of the descriptors. Allows you to determine and fix the level of mastering the course for a certain period. Learning outcomes are evaluated.			
В	3.0	80-84		Formative and summative assessmentPoints % content1. Activity in discussions of topic in classes1.102. Work in practical classes2.103. Independent work3.104. Design and creative activity4.305. Final control (exam)5.40			
B-	2.67	75-79	_	Activity in discussions of topics in classes	10		
C+	2.33	70-74	7	Work in practical classes	10		
С	2.0	65-69	Satisfactorily	Independent work	10		
C-	1.67	60-64		Design and creative activity	30		
D+	1.33	55-59	Unsatisfactory	Final control (exam)	40		
D	1.0	50-54		TOTAL	100		

# Calendar (schedule) for the implementation of the content of the course. Methods of teaching and learning.

A week	Topic name	Number of hours	Max. ball
	MODULE 1 INTRODUCTION TO MEDICAL ECOLOGY		
1	L.1.Global problems of ecology		
	PC 1. Subject of medical ecology as a science and field of practice.	6	5
2	L.2 Modern concepts and trends in medical ecology.		
	PC 2. Modern concepts and trends in medical ecology.	6	5
	SIWT 1. Control work, tests, individual/group projects, essays, situational tasks, testing,		
	portfolio, etc. at the teacher's choice. Estimated 25-30 % of the total points for foreign control.		
	Consultations on the implementation of SIW 1.		
	ATTENTION. Number of SIWT (6-7), SIW (2-5) for 15 weeks.		
3	L.3. The quality of the human environment		
	PC 3. The quality of the human environment.	6	5
	SIW 1. Choose one health problem and describe using epidemiological questions What? Where?	9	15
	When? Who? Why? and How?		
4	L.4. Ecological environmental factors: human influence and adaptation.		
	PC 4. Influence and adaptation of the human organism to ecological environmental factors.	6	5
5	L.5. Concepts of 'health risk' and environmental risk'.		
	PC 5. Concepts of 'health risk' and environmental risk' Stages of risk assessment. Risk	6	5
	management.		
	MODULE 2 ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS		
6	L.6. Environmental monitoring: biological and socio-ecological types.		
	PC 6. Methods of risk assessment and impact of environmental factors on public health.	6	5
	SIWT 2. Colloquium (situational task). Consultations on the implementation of SIW 2		
7	L.7. Regulatory documents assessing maximum permissible concentrations of harmful		
	substances in water, air, and soil.		
	PC 7. Regulatory documents for assessment of maximum permissible concentrations of harmful	6	5
	substances in water, air, and soil.		
	SIW 2. Parsing and analyzing an article about an environmental problem.	10	15
Midterm	control 1 (tests)		100

8	L.8. Assessment of the atmosphere and the impact of its polluting factors on public health.					
	PC 8. Assessment of the impact of environmental pollution on the health of the population.	6	5			
	SIWT 3. Consultations on the implementation of SIW 3					
9	L. 9. Assessment of the hydrosphere and the impact of its pollutants on public healthio.					
	PC 9. Assessment of the hydrosphere and the impact of its pollutants on public health.	6	5			
	SIW 3. Write an abstract on an environmental problem and medical interventions to reduce harm	9	15			
	to public health (review of several articles)					
10	L.10. Evaluate the lithosphere and its polluting factors on public health.					
	PC 10. Assessment of lithosphere and its polluting factors on public health.	6	5			
	SIWT 4. Consultation on the implementation of SIW 4					
	MODULE 3. OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS					
11	L.11. Physical environmental factors and their evaluation.					
	PC 11. Assessment of physical environmental factors and their evaluation. Action plans to	6	5			
	reduce the harmful effects of physical substances.					
	SIWT T 5. Consultation on the implementation of SIW 4					
12	L.12. Chemical environmental factors and their assessment.					
	PC 12. Assessment of chemical environmental factors and their impact on public health. Action	6	5			
	plans to reduce the harmful effects of chemicals.					
13	L.13. Environmental problems of nutrition.					
	PC 13. Assessment of nutrition and the impact of harmful substances associated with their	6	5			
	quality and preparation on the population's health.					
	SIW 4. Overview of research results	10	15			
14	L.14. Environmental issues associated with the interior of buildings and their impact on human					
	health.					
15	PC 14. Assessment of indoor spaces and their impact on health.	6	5			
	L.15. Climate Change.		<u> </u>			
	PC 15. Climate change and its impact on public health.	6	5			
	SIWT 6. Consultation on final exam					
Midterm control 2 (tests)						
Final control (exam)						
TOTAL	for course		100			

Dean \_\_\_\_\_S.B. Kalmahanov

Head of Department \_\_\_\_\_\_\_A.E.Ualiyeva

Lecturer

F.A. Iskakova

#### **RUBRICATOR OF THE SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT**

### **CRITERIA EVALUATION OF LEARNING OUTCOMES**

Task name (points, % content from 100% MC, copy from the calendar (graphics) implementation of the content of the training course, methods of teaching and learning

	"Excellent" Max. weight in %		5	"Unsatisfactory" Max. weight in %
	95-100 %	80-94%	64-79%	<63%

Criterion	"Excellent"	<b>"Good"</b>	"Satisfactory"	"Unsatisfactory"	
	20-25%	15-20%	10-15%	0-10%	

N⁰	Topic	Content	Resources
	2	3	4
1	Introduction to Epidemiology: Definition. Core	Basic concepts and areas of application. Theories of causality and probability. epidemiological triad. Factors related to the infectious agent, the environment, and the susceptible individual. The concept of the epidemic process and ways of transmission of infection. epidemiological approach. Fundamentals of surveillance. Population, sentinel, and syndromic surveillance. Mini presentation. CBL Case study.	<ol> <li>Gordis, Leon, Epidemiology, 5th Edition, W.B. Saunders Company, 2013, p. 20-54, 55-61, 61-78</li> <li>Principles of Epidemiology in Public Health Practice, 3d Edition, CDC, US Department of Public Health, 2012. Lesson 1-4.</li> <li>High-Yield Biostatistics, Epidemiology, &amp; Public Health, 4th Edition, p.86-96</li> <li>Kaplan USMLE, Lecture Notes, Behavioral Sciences and Social Science, 2017, p.3-10</li> <li>An Introduction to Epidemiology. Wolfgang Ahrens, Klaus Krickeberg, Iris Pigeot, p.3-20</li> <li>CDC-materials https://www.cdc.gov/csels/dsepd/ss1978/lesson5/section2.html</li> </ol>
2	Epidemiological Study Design.	Epidemiological methods: descriptive, analytical, and experimental. Case reports (clinical cases), case series (series of cases); ecological, cross-sectional studies, case-control, cohort study. Randomized and non-randomized clinical trials. Measures, bias, and confounders. Advantages and limitations of epidemiological methods. Diagnostic and screening tests.	<ol> <li>Kaplan USMLE, Lecture Notes, Behavioral Sciences and Social Science, 2017, p.11-14, 17-24</li> <li>Gordis, Leon, Epidemiology, 5th Edition, W.B. Saunders Company, 2013, p.197-232, p.158-194, p.235-247, p.250-280, p.282-296, 346-367</li> <li>An Introduction to Epidemiology. Wolfgang Ahrens, Klaus Krickeberg, Iris Pigeot, p. 29-35</li> </ol>

#### THEMATIC PLAN AND CONTENT OF PRACTICAL STUDIES

3	Epidemiology of communicable and	<ul> <li>sensitivity and specificity. Likelihood ratio. Predictive value (negative and positive). The use of epidemiological methods in clinical medicine. Glossary. Mini presentation. CBL - Case study.</li> <li>Epidemiology of infectious diseases. Occurrence, mechanism, and ways of transmission of infectious diseases.</li> <li>Epidemiological classification of infectious diseases. Standard case definition: presumptive, probable, and confirmed cases.</li> <li>Outbreak investigation. Stages of investigation. Anti-epidemic and preventive measures in the focus of infection. Glossary.</li> <li>Epidemiology of chronic non-communicable diseases: cardiovascular, oncological diseases, COPD, diabetes. Causes and conditions for the occurrence and spread of HND.</li> <li>Measurement of risks, prevalence rates, outcomes and treatment effectiveness. Epidemiology of dental diseases.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>4. High-Yield Biostatistics, Epidemiology, &amp; Public Health, 4th Edition, p.57-71, 82-92</li> <li>5. Wolfgang, A. Handbook of Epidemiology. 5 vol.//Ahrens Wolfgang, Peugeot Iris 2 ed Springer Reference, 2014, p.187-388</li> <li>1. High-Yield Biostatistics, Epidemiology, &amp; Public Health, 4th Edition, p.96-100</li> <li>2. Gordis, Leon, Epidemiology, 5th Edition, W.B. Saunders Company, 2013, p. 54-56, p.328-335</li> <li>3. Wolfgang, A. Handbook of Epidemiology. 5 vol.//Ahrens Wolfgang, Peugeot Iris 2 ed Springer Reference, 2014, v.5</li> <li>4. Cancer Epidemiology: Principles and Methods. Isabel dos Santos Silva. WHO1999437 p.</li> <li>5. Communicable disease control in emergencies. A field manual. Edited by M.A. Connolly.2005194 p.</li> </ul>
4	5 stages of Evidence-Based Medicine. Search and critical analysis of published research.	Glossary. Mini presentation. CBL. case study. Principles of Evidence-Based Medicine. The history of the development of Evidence-Based Medicine. World development experience. The value of Evidence-Based Medicine for clinical practice. 5 stages of evidence-based medicine. Formulation and transformation of a clinical problem into a question using the PICOT principle. Finding and identifying the best evidence to answer. Evaluation of the quality and reliability of evidence. Implementation of the results of a critical assessment in clinical practice and evaluation of the results of the work done (audit). Glossary. Select appropriate resources and search for evidence. Medline/PubMed, Cochrane Collaboration Data Base, Cochrane Library, EMBASE. Search strategy: keywords, logical operators (Boolean Operators), phrases (Phrase Search), by author (Author Search), by journal title (Journal Search), subject headings (MeSH) Operations with search results. Mini presentation. CBL Case study.	<ol> <li>Fundamentals of Evidence-Based Medicine, K Prasad, 2013, 1-7 p, Chapter 2, 19-25 p</li> <li>Essential Evidence-based medicine, D, Mayer, 2010, 9-18 p</li> <li>Evidence-Based Answers to Clinical Questions for Busy Clinicians Workbook- 200926p.</li> <li>Essentials of Evidence-based Clinical Practice. Second Edition2008 349 p.</li> <li>Medline/PubMed, Cochrane Collaboration Data Base, Cochrane Library, EMBASE</li> </ol>

5	Systematic review and meta- analysis. Evaluation of clinical protocols and recommendations. GRADE.	Studies summarizing other studies: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Stages of creating a systematic review. Stages of meta-analysis. Options for presenting meta-analysis results in a systematic review. Search strategy for systematic reviews. Assessing the quality of systematic reviews using the AGREE system. Evaluation of clinical guidelines. Recommendation classes: I, II, II-a, II-b, III. Glossary. Mini presentation. CBL - case studies.	<ol> <li>Literature Reviews in Social Work. Robin Kiteley and Christine Stogdon 201420 p.</li> <li>APPRAISAL OF GUIDELINES FOR RESEARCH &amp; EVALUATION II. The AGREE Next Steps Consortium May 200952 p.</li> </ol>
6	Research proposal. Create and share questionnaire.	Conceptualization stage of health services research. Select and formulate a research problem. Theories and appropriate theoretical frameworks in health research. Types of research reviews (e.g., information synthesis, literature reviews, and meta- analysis) and their purposes. General categories in research review.	<ol> <li>Fundamentals of Evidence-Based Medicine, K Prasad, 2013, 27-31 p, 109-112 p</li> <li>Essential Evidence-based medicine, D, Mayer, 2010, 367-377 p</li> <li>Evidence-based medicine, Dermot P.B.McGovern et all, 2005, 62-76 p</li> <li>How to read a paper. T. Greenhalgh2003240 p.</li> <li>Evidence-Based Answers to Clinical Questions for Busy Clinicians Workbook 200926p.</li> </ol>
7	Measurement in Epidemiology. Frequences, rates, ratio.	Counts, frequencies, rates and ratio. Measuring disease incidence, prevalence and mortality rates. Calculation and interpretation of indicators of morbidity, prevalence, mortality of the population. Visual presentation of epidemiological data. Registration of cases. Data collection system. Analysis, interpretation, and presentation of surveillance data. Glossary. Mini presentation. CBL Case study.	<ol> <li>Epi Info176 p.</li> <li>Gordis, Leon, Epidemiology, 5th Edition, W.B. Saunders Company, 2013, p.55-61, p.371-376</li> <li>Principles of Epidemiology in Public Health Practice, 3d Edition, CDC, US Department of Public Health, 2012. Lesson 5.</li> <li>CAPABILITY 13: Public Health Surveillance and Epidemiological Investigation. Public Health Preparedness Capabilities:</li> </ol>
8	Summarizing data: Properties and methods of Frequency Distributions. Measures of Central Location and spread.	Data, database. Mean, median and mode. Central location, types. Types of variables. Types of distribution, descriptive statistics. Databases (Excel, SPSS).	<ol> <li>Fundamentals of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Rosner 2016856 p.</li> <li>Primer of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Stanton A. Glantz, Ph2009 297p.</li> <li>Medical Statistics at a Glance Workbook. Front Cover. Aviva Petrie, Caroline Sabin. John Wiley &amp; Sons, 2013 - Medical - 120 p.</li> <li>SPSS Survival Manual 6th edition. Julie Pallant - 2016</li> </ol>
9	Types of statistical hypotheses. Hypothesis testing. P-value. Standard error and confidence interval.	Types of statistical hypotheses. Hypothesis testing. P-value. Standard error and confidence interval.	<ol> <li>Fundamentals of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Rosner 2016856 p.</li> <li>Primer of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Stanton A. Glantz, Ph2009 297p.</li> <li>Medical Statistics at a Glance Workbook. Front Cover. Aviva Petrie, Caroline Sabin. John Wiley &amp; Sons, 2013 - Medical - 120 p.</li> <li>SPSS Survival Manual 6th edition. Julie Pallant - 2016</li> </ol>

10	Biostatistics: Descriptive statistics. Databases (Excel, SPSS).		
11	Introduction to analytical statistics. Methods for analyzing qualitative variables, independent and related samples (Chi-square test. Fisher's exact test, McNemar's test).	Methods for the analysis of qualitative variables, independent and related samples (Chi-square test. Fisher's exact test, McNemar's test).	<ol> <li>Fundamentals of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Rosner 2016856 p.</li> <li>Primer of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Stanton A. Glantz, Ph2009 297p.</li> <li>Medical Statistics at a Glance Workbook. Front Cover. Aviva Petrie, Caroline Sabin. John Wiley &amp; Sons, 2013 - Medical - 120 p.</li> <li>SPSS Survival Manual 6th edition. Julie Pallant - 2016</li> </ol>
12	Parametric Tests (T-tests, ANOVA).	One-sample t-test, Two-sample t-test and Paired t-test., One- way ANOVA.	<ol> <li>Fundamentals of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Rosner 2016856 p.</li> <li>Primer of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Stanton A. Glantz, Ph2009 297p.</li> <li>Medical Statistics at a Glance Workbook. Front Cover. Aviva Petrie, Caroline Sabin. John Wiley &amp; Sons, 2013 - Medical - 120 p.</li> <li>SPSS Survival Manual 6th edition. Julie Pallant - 2016</li> </ol>
13	Non-parametric Tests (Mann- Whitney U-test, Wilcoxon U- test, Kruskal-Wallis Test, Friedman Test.	Mann-Whitney U-test, Wilcoxon U-test, Kruskal-Wallis Test, Friedman Test.	<ol> <li>Fundamentals of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Rosner 2016856 p.</li> <li>Primer of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Stanton A. Glantz, Ph2009 297p.</li> <li>Medical Statistics at a Glance Workbook. Front Cover. Aviva Petrie, Caroline Sabin. John Wiley &amp; Sons, 2013 - Medical - 120 p.</li> <li>SPSS Survival Manual 6th edition. Julie Pallant - 2016</li> </ol>
14	Correlation (Pearson and Spearman) and regression. Survival analysis Log-rank test.	Correlation. Pearson's correlation coefficient. Spearman's rank correlation coefficient. The sensitivity of the correlation coefficient. Survival curve.	<ol> <li>Fundamentals of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Rosner 2016856 p.</li> <li>Primer of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Stanton A. Glantz, Ph2009 297p.</li> <li>Medical Statistics at a Glance Workbook. Front Cover. Aviva Petrie, Caroline Sabin. John Wiley &amp; Sons, 2013 - Medical - 120 p.</li> <li>SPSS Survival Manual 6th edition. Julie Pallant - 2016</li> </ol>
15	Presentation of research work in a thesis	Planning and organization of scientific research. Definition of the research topic, aim and objectives. Formulation of Hypothesis. Definition of research methods. Developing of a questionnaire/patient card. Data collection. Enter data in the SPSS database. Choosing statistical tests and data analysis. Creating tables, formation of conclusions. Graphical representation of data. Preparing a presentation.	<ol> <li>Radaev V.V. How to organize and present a research project: 75 simple rules M.: SU-HSE: INFRA-M, 2011 - 203 p.</li> <li>Ospan E. Academic writing: the basics of writing a research paper., Almaty, 2020231 p.</li> </ol>

			10	8	6	4	2
	N₂	Criterion	excellent	above average	acceptable	requires	excellent above
	JNō	(point-rating assessment)				correction	unacceptable
u	1	Basic knowledge of Epidemiology, Evidence-	Full assimilation	Demonstrated	Mastering of the	Learning the	Fundamental
ssic		based Medicine and Biostatistics.	of the programme	standard thinking	material with non-	basics	errors
cus	2	Knowledge of research design in Epidemiology.	material.	with full mastery	principled	Understanding	Constantly
discussion	3	Knowledge of the epidemiology of	Demonstrated	of programme	inaccuracies	your mistakes and	confused in
ක්		communicable and non-communicable diseases.	original thinking.	material.	in answers.	willingness to	answers, did not
nin	4	Knowledge of searching and critically analyzing	Independently			correct them.	work through the
stio		publications.	used additional				core literature.
l questioning,	5	Organization of research.	literature.				
	6	Knowledge and skills of descriptive and					
Oral		inferential methods of Biostatistics.					
-	7	Knowledge and skills of academic writing.					
	8	Solving Test Tasks - 20 tests	20	16-18	11-15	6-10	1-5
		1 test - 1 point					
	9	Group communication skills and professional	Contact and	Contactful and	Combines team	Tends to be	individual
		attitude	productive team	productive team	and individual	individualistic	
		(especially when using IMO)	member	member, although	work		
				prefers individual			
				work			

# Point-rating assessment of the student's independent work under the guidance of a teacher (maximum, 50 points)

				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
N	Evaluation criteria	10 points	8 points	6 points	4 points
1.	. Completeness and accuracy.	Completes the assignment	Completes the task with some	Completion of the task with	Failure to complete the
2.	. Critical thinking	completely. Applies critical	inaccuracies. Shows	significant errors.	assignment. Does not show
3.	. Analytical skills	thinking and analysis skills	standardized thinking and	Understands his/her mistakes	scientific thinking and
4	Presentation of the assignment	in completing the assignment. Effective	reasoningto. Applies analysis skills. Good presentation of	and is ready to correct them. Weak analysis skills.	practical skills. Weak skills in analyzing and presenting the

## **CPC** - creative assignment (maximum 90 points) + bonuses for English language

	20	15	10	5

1	Relevance of the problem	Very high	High	Sufficiently high	Not high
2	Informativeness		_		-
3	Credibility				
4	Logicality and consistency				
5	Literature analysis				
6	Practical relevance				
8	Applicability in future practice				
9	Presentation				
10	Plagiarism check				
bo	* - for Kazakh/Russian groups - English language; for groups studying in English - performing the task in Russian or Kazakh language				
nus					

# Kaplan Medical USMLE Step 1: Behavioral Science Lecture Notes Paperback – January 1, 2013